

HURRICANE

Though relatively rare, hurricanes can strike Hawaii, especially during "hurricane season" from June–November each year. For example, Hurricane 'Iniki hit Hawaii in September 1992, causing extensive damage on Kauai and serious disruptions throughout the state, including Laie.

- Evacuate to the nearest open shelter (most likely the BYU-Hawaii CAC), as directed by Civil Defense or other emergency officials.
- Take your 72-Hour Kit, including enough drinking water for 3 days.
- If you have time, board up or tape glass windows.

Only if instructed or if you suspect lines will be damaged, shut off water at the main valve and electricity at the main breaker. Be aware if you shut off a gas utility, a professional must turn it back on.

SEE "SHELTER KNOWLEDGE" IN GENERAL INFORMATION

TSUNAMI

The U.S. government and state monitors potential tsunamis across the Pacific, but an undersea earthquake near Oahu could generate a destructive wave that could strike us literally within minutes.

That's why it's important to be ready to:

- Immediately go mauka (inland) or to higher ground if you feel the ground move.
- Evacuate low-lying coastal areas if you hear the Civil Defense warning sirens (other than the normal monthly test).
- Evacuation sites include Temple Hill and areas behind BYU-H campus – park in lots and grass areas (not on the road) and walk inland.
- Never go to the beach to watch for tsunami waves.
- Refer to the disaster evacuation maps in front of the phone book, if you're not sure you are in a low-lying area.
- If you are not in an evacuation zone, stay where you are and off the roads to avoid traffic build-up.
- Listen to your radio and follow the instructions of Civil Defense and other emergency officials.

This brochure was created under the direction of the Laie Emergency Council.



EVACUATION MAP

Effective November 2009



★ – Residents should evacuate **IMMEDIATELY** inland for tsunamis - for most residents, this will be the foothills of Laie.
 – BYU-H students living on campus go to 2nd floor of dorms, apartments, and campus buildings.

- ★ **TSUNAMI EVACUATION SITES:**
1. Behind Tennis Courts and General Classroom building (GCB)
 2. Quarry
 3. Behind Treatment Plant
 4. LDS Temple Hill
 5. Gunstock Ranch

- **HURRICANE EVACUATION SITES:**
- PUBLIC only use BYU-H Cannon Activities Center (CAC).
 - BYU-H STUDENTS only use the BYU-H Stake Center.

IMPORTANT EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

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| Emergency Police, Fire, Ambulance | 911 |
| Telephone repair | 611 |
| Hawaiian Electric | 548-7961 (to report power outages, downed lines, trees on lines, etc.) |
| Hawaiian Electric | 543-7511 (for questions about food safety during a power outage) |

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| City & County Department of Emergency Management | 723-8960 |
| Hawaii State Civil Defense | 733-4300 |
| American Red Cross | 734-2101 |
| The Gas Company | 526-0066 |
| Hawaii Reserves, Inc | 293-9201 |
| BYU-Hawaii Security | 675-3911 |
| Polynesian Cultural Center Security | 293-3111 |

GENERAL INFORMATION

It's impossible to predict every preparation contingency in a disaster, but it's important to consider what each member of your family should do. Remember, it's likely family members may not be together when a disaster strikes, so it's important they are familiar with the following.

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY, REMEMBER:

- Roads might be impassable and parking could be a problem. Prepare to walk to shelters or evacuation sites.
- Lock and secure your home when you evacuate.
- Call a family contact with the same information, and then avoid using phones to keep them open for emergency purposes.
- Follow the directions of Civil Defense, Police, Fire and emergency shelter officials.
- Bring your own food and bedding for at least 72 hours.
- If the shelter is officially opened by Civil Defense and the American Red Cross it will be opened to all members of the general public. Evacuation space is limited; those planning to evacuate should do so early.
- Residents of any community may evacuate to any shelter opened by Civil Defense and the American Red Cross. Emergency Broadcast System announcements will provide information regarding the location of the nearest shelters.

SHELTER KNOWLEDGE:

- Only certified service animals are allowed in the shelter.
- Evacuation space is limited. Those directed to evacuate should do so as quickly as possible.
- The BYU-Hawaii Stake Center is the official evacuation site for all BYU-Hawaii students, both on- and off-campus.
- BYU-Hawaii will provide emergency food for BYUH students only. All others should bring their own food and water.
- Expect the shelter to be crowded: Be tolerant and patient with the situation.
- Bring a book or other items to help pass the time in the shelter. Personal audio devices are okay, but boom boxes are not.
- Matches, lighters or open flames are not allowed in the shelter.
- The possession or use of alcohol, illegal drugs and weapons in emergency shelters is strictly prohibited.
- Floor space in the shelter is limited. Your 72-Hour Kit should include a sleeping bag or something you can use as both a "mattress" and a cover.

EVACUATION 72-HOUR KIT

It is important to prepare in advance enough of the basic items below for each of your family members. This kit should be portable at a moments notice.

- Prepare your kit now. Keep it ready to go.
- Put the items into a backpack, duffel bag or container that family members can realistically carry.

YOUR KIT SHOULD CONTAIN:

- Water: 1.5 gallons of drinking water per person per day
- Food: 2,000 calories per person, per day
- A flash light
- First aid supplies and medications
- An emergency blanket, poncho or covering
- Important family files and documents in a waterproof container
- An extra set of clothing in a water-tight bag
- Personal hygiene and sanitation supplies
- Sanitation supplies, including toilet paper
- An extra set of car keys and a credit card, cash, or traveler's checks
- Special items for infant, elderly or disabled family members
- An extra pair of glasses or contact lenses

OTHER SOURCES OF EMERGENCY PLANNING INFORMATION

LDS Church Provident Living
<http://www.providentliving.org>

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security
<http://www.ready.gov>

The U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency
<http://www.fema.gov>

FEMA's Are You Ready?
<http://www.fema.gov/areyouready>

LAIE EMERGENCY PLANNING

MOST OF LAIE AND THE SURROUNDING COMMUNITIES ARE IN A LOW-LYING COASTAL PLAIN SUBJECT TO DAMAGE FROM HURRICANES, TSUNAMI (TIDAL WAVE) AND FLOODING. ALL OF THESE HAVE IMPACTED THE AREA IN THE PAST AND COULD STRIKE AGAIN, AS COULD OTHER DISASTERS.

IT'S IMPORTANT FOR EVERYONE TO BE PREPARED — BEFORE ANOTHER DISASTER STRIKES.

THIS BROCHURE CONTAINS VALUABLE INFORMATION ON WHAT YOU NEED TO DO BEFORE A DISASTER OCCURS, AND AFTER YOU RECEIVE A WARNING TO EVACUATE.

We cannot understate the importance of advance preparation for disasters. They can happen in a moment, without warning. For example, a sudden rockslide, collapsing termite-ridden utility pole, or serious traffic accident can completely block Kamehameha Hwy for hours, or even days. Please be aware of the following general emergency planning practices:

- Follow Civil Defense instructions
- Establish and practice family evacuation plans
- Wear sturdy shoes and clothing during an evacuation
- Stay away from downed power lines
- If you have time:
 - Bring your 72-Hour Kit with you
 - Make arrangements for your pets
 - Check on neighbors with special needs
 - Safeguard your family documents in a waterproof container
 - Make sure you have an adequate water supply in case water service is cut off